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BIOLOGY OF SNOWY RIVER AREA

INSECTS AND ARACHNIDS.

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Most of the insects collected were taken under logs and in similar situations; little winged material could be expected on account of the lateness of the season.

Order **ORTHOPTERA**

Family BLATTIDAE

Genus PLATYZOSTERIA

- (1) Platyzosteria analis Sauss.
- (2) P. brigitæ Shaw.

(3) P. sp.

(4) P. scabrella Tepper.

Genus ONICOSOMA.

(1) Onicosoma granieollis Sauss.

Genus PANESTHIA.

(1) Panesthia australis Brunn.

Family ACRIDIIDAE

Genus GONIÆA.

(1) Goniaea obscura Sj.

Genus SCHIZOBOTHRUS.

(1) Schizobothrus flavovittatus Sj.

Order **HEMIPTERA**

Family REDUVIDAE

(1) Reduviid sp.

Family NAUCORIDAE

(1) Naueorid sp.

Order COLEOPTERA

Family CARABIDAE

Genus EURYLYNCHUS.

(1) Eurylynehus blagravei Cast.

Genus PROMECODERUS.

(1) Promecoderus inornatus Macl.

Genus NOTONOMUS.

- (1) Notonomus Muelleri Sl.
- (2) N. Rainbowi Sl.

Genus NOTOPHILUS.

(1) Notophilus laetus Bl.

Family DYTISCIDAE

Genus LANCESTES.

(1) Lancestes lanceolatus Cl.

Genus RHANTUS.

(1) Rhantus pulverosus Steph.

Genus PLATYNECTES.

(1) Platynectes decempunctatus Fab.

Sub-order Polyphaga

Family HYDROPHILIDAE

Genus HYDROBATICUS.

- (1) Hydrobaticus tristris Macl.
- (2) H. australis Blkb.

Family PAUSSIDAE

Genus ARTHOPTERUS.

(1) Arthopterus westwoodi Macl.

Family TENEBRIONIDAE

Genus TEREMENES.

(1) Teremenes longipennis Hope.

Genus CARDIOTHORAX.

(1) Cardiothorax australis Cart.

Genus LICINOMA.

(1) Licinoma nitida Pasc.

Genus ADELIUM.

- (1) Adelium porcatum Fab.
- (2) A. licinoides Kirby.
- (3) A. pustulosum var. victoriae Blk.
- (4) A. subdepressum Cart.
- (5) A. helmsii Cart.

Genus BRYCOPIA.

(1) Brycopia pilosella Pasc.

Family STAPHYLINIDAE

Genus LEPTACINUS.

(1) Leptacinus socius Fyl.

Genus METAPONCUS.

(1) Metaponcus luridipennis Macl.

Genus MEDON.

(1) Medon varicornis Blkb.

Genus CALODERA.

(1) Calodera abdominalis Fvl.

Family PSELAPHIDAE

Genus RYBAXIS.

(1) Rybaxis strigicollis West. Genus EUPINES.

(1) Eupines globulifer Schauf.

Genus PSELAPHUS.

(1) Pselaphus villosus Lea.

Genus TYRAPHUS.

(1) Tyraphus howitti King.

Family SCARABÆIDAE Subfamily Coprinæ

Genus ONTHOPHAGUS.

(1) Onthophagus pexatus Har.

Subfamily Melolonthinae

Genus AUTOMALUS.

(1) Automalus bicolor Blkb.

Family CERAMBYCIDAE

Subfamily Cerambycinae

GENUS CERÆGIDION.

(1) Ceraegidion horrens Bsdv.

Family CHRYSOMELIDAE

Genus PAROPSIS.

(1) Paropsis atomaria Marsh. .

Family CURCULIONIDAE

Subfamily Eremninae

Genus MANDALOTUS.

(1) Mandalotus latebricola Lea.

(2) M. cordipennis Lea.

(3) Mandalotus sp.

Subfamily Cryptocorrhynchinae

Genus DECILAUS.

(1) Decilaus perdirus Pasc.

Subfamily Phalidurinae

Genus PHALIDURA.

(1) Phalidura elongata Macl.

Subfamily Tychinae

Genus ELLESCHODES.

(1) Elleschodes pictus Lea.

Order **DIPTERA**Family **STRATIOMYIDAE**

Genus BOREOIDES.

(1) Boreoides subulatus Hardy.

Order LEPIDOPTERA.

Family HEPIALIDAE

Genus OXYCANUS.

(1) Oxycunus sp. near sirpus; may be new.

Family NOTODONTIDAE

Genus TRICHETRA.

(1) Trichetra sparshalli Curt.

Family BOARMIIDAE

Genus STRATHMORRHOPA.

(1) Strathmorrhopa porphyrinaria Gn.

Order ARACHNIDA

Genus ATRAX.

Family AVARICULARIDAE

(1) Atrax sp. nov.

Amongst the Coleoptera one small species of weevil taken from sifted moss probably belongs to a new genus. In the Lepidoptera, two specimens of a Hepialid moth also appear to be new; they closely resemble a well known Victoria species, Oxycanus sirpus Tind., but examination of the genitalia shows them to be quite distinct.

A fine large Trapdoor Spider with about 50 young ones is new, and belongs to the typical genus Atrax.