ISSN 1447-2546 (Print) 1447-2554 (On-line) http://www.museum.vic.gov.au/memoirs

# A checklist of marine anomurans (Crustacea: Decapoda) of Pakistan, northern Arabian Sea

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Abstract

Siddiqui, F.A., and Kazmi, Q.B. 2003. A checklist of marine anomurans (Crustacea: Decapoda) of Pakistan, northern Arabian Sea. In: Lemaitre, R., and Tudge, C.C. (eds), Biology of the Anomura. Proceedings of a symposium at the Fifth International Crustacean Congress, Melbourne, Australia, 9–13 July 2001. *Memoirs of Museum Victoria* 60(1): 87–89. A checklist of marine Anomura from Pakistan is presented. A review of the literature showed that the anomuran fauna comprises 45 species representing 16 genera and six families arranged in three superfamilies. The family Diogenidae is best represented, with 23 species in five genera; the families Coenobitidae and Paguridae each have a single genus with three species in the former, and two species in the latter; the family Porcellanidae has 15 species in seven genera; whereas the families Albuneidae and Hippidae are each represented with one species. The list contains information on habitat and geographical distribution.

Keywords

Crustacea, Anomura, Pakistan, checklist

# Introduction

The potential for exploitation of biological resources of the northern Arabian Sea and Pakistan coastal waters has been recently recognised (Thompson and Tirmizi, 1995). The resources of this region are subjected to considerable human pressure. The invertebrate fauna is poorly known and hence the human effects on the fauna are difficult to assess. Although there have been a few attempts to investigate and document the diversity of anomurans (Mustaquim, 1972; Tirmizi and Siddiqui, 1981, 1982; Tirmizi et al., 1982, 1989) there is urgent need to update this information. The checklist of the Crustacea Decapoda and Stomatopoda (Tirmizi and Kazmi, 1983) now needs revision in light of additions and changes to species of *Diogenes* (McLaughlin and Holthuis, 2001).

The present paper is a checklist of the anomurans from intertidal or subtidal regions of the Pakistan coast. Families are listed according to the classification of Martin and Davis (2001) with genera and species alphabetical within each family. The list is based on information provided by scientists working in Pakistan and from literature. Each record is followed by information on habitat and geographical distribution, and its first report in the literature. \* denotes a new record from the region.

# Checklist

Superfamily Galatheoidea Samouelle, 1819

## Porcellanidae Haworth, 1825

#### Ancylocheles Haig, 1978

Ancylocheles gravelei (Sankolli, 1963). Pakistan; west coast of India; Gulf of Mannar; Australia. Under stones, in small pools to a depth of about 16 m (Tirmizi et al., 1982).

# Enosteoides Johnson, 1970

*Enosteoides ornatus* (Stimpson, 1858). Pakistan; Korea; China; Hong Kong; Vietnam; Gulf of Thailand; Singapore; Japan; Australia. Under stones (Tirmizi et al., 1982).

## Pachycheles Stimpson, 1852

*Pachycheles natalensis* (Krauss, 1843). Western Indian Ocean; Pakistan; Africa; Oman. In rock crevices near low water mark. (Mustaquim, 1972).

*Pachycheles tomentosus* Henderson, 1893. Western Indian Ocean; Pakistan; western India; southern India; South Africa; Madagascar; Red Sea; Gulf of Aden; Persian Gulf. In holes and crevices of rocks near low water mark (Mustaquim, 1972).

# Petrolisthes Stimpson, 1858

*Petrolisthes boscii* (Audouin, 1826). Indo-West Pacific; Pakistan; Taiwan; Hong Kong; Gulf of Thailand; Japan; Australia; Oman; Red Sea; Persian Gulf. In rocky pools under stones, and in sand near low water mark (Mustaquim, 1972).

*Petrolisthes lamarckii* (Leach, 1820). Indo-west Pacific; Pakistan. Under large stones (Mustaquim, 1972).

Petrolisthes leptocheles (Heller, 1861). Pakistan; India;

Somalia; Red Sea; Gulf of Aden; Oman; Persian Gulf. Under stones (Mustaquim, 1972).

*Petrolisthes ornatus* Paulson, 1875. Pakistan; Gulf of Kutch; India; Sri Lanka; Comoro Island; Madagascar; Mozambique; Zanzibar; Red Sea; Gulf of Aden; Gulf of Oman; Persian Gulf. Under stones (Mustaquim, 1972).

*Petrolisthes rufescens* (Heller, 1861). Pakistan; Indo-west Pacific; Pakistan; Gulf of Kutch; eastern Africa; Nicobar Island; Madagascar; Comoros; Somalia; Red Sea; Gulf of Aden; Persian Gulf. Under stones (Mustaquim, 1972).

#### Pisidia Leach, 1820

*Pisidia dehaanii* (Krauss, 1843). Pakistan; India; Bay of Bengal; South Africa; Oman; Persian Gulf. Under stones from small pools (Mustaquim, 1972).

*Pisidia delagoae* (Barnard, 1955). Pakistan; South Africa; Oman. Under stones in small pools (Tirmizi et al., 1982).

*Pisidia gordoni* (Johnson, 1970). Pakistan; India; Australia; South Africa; Red Sea; Gulf of Aden; Persian Gulf. Sublittoral, occasionally found in littoral zone under stones (Tirmizi et al., 1989).

#### Polyonyx Stimpson, 1858

*Polyonyx hendersoni* Southwell, 1909. Pakistan; western India; Sri Lanka; Japan; Korea; Hong Kong; Western Australia and Queensland, Australia. Under stones (Tirmizi et al., 1982).

*Polyonyx loimicola* Sankolli, 1965. Pakistan; and India. Buried under mud (Tirmizi et el., 1989).

#### Raphidopus Stimpson, 1858

*Raphidopus ciliatus* Stimpson, 1858. Pakistan; Korea; Formosa Strait; China; Hong Kong; Gulf of Thailand; Singapore; Japan; Australia; Malay Peninsula. Muddy bottom (Tirmizi and Ghani, 1994).

#### Superfamily Hippoidea Latreille, 1825

## Albuneidae Stimpson, 1858

#### Albunea Fabricius, 1793

Albunea steinitzi Holthuis, 1958. Pakistan; Philippines; Western Australia; Red Sea: Gulf of Aden. In littoral sand (Tirmizi, 1978).

#### Hippidae Latreille, 1825.

#### Emerita Scopoli, 1777

*Emerita holthuisi* Sankolli, 1965. Pakistan; India. In littoral sand (Tirmizi, 1977).

### Superfamily Paguroidea Latreille, 1802

#### Coenobitidae Dana, 1851

#### Coenobita Latreille, 1826

*Coenobita perlatus* H. Milne Edwards, 1837. Pakistan; Samoa; Mauritius. Semi-terrestrial, in sandy shore (Ahmed and Khan, 1971).

*Coenobita rugosus* H. Milne Edwards, 1837. Pakistan; Bay of Bengal; west coast of America. Semi-terrestrial, in rocky and sandy shores (Ahmed and Khan, 1971).

Coenobita scaevola (Forskål, 1775). Northern Arabian Sea; Pakistan; Red Sea; Gulf of Aden; Oman. Semi-terrestrial, more abundant above sandy shores and tidal zone (Tirmizi and Siddiqui, 1981).

# Diogenidae Ortmann, 1892

#### Calcinus Dana, 1851

\**Calcinus elegans* H. Milne Edwards, 1837. Pakistan; Hawaiian Island to East Africa. Rocky shore (Siddiqui, pers. obs.).

*Calcinus latens* (Randall, 1840). Indo-Pacific region; Pakistan; Maldives; Australia; Hawaiian Islands; eastern Africa; Red Sea; Gulf of Aden; Oman. Rocky shore (Tirmizi and Siddiqui, 1981).

#### Clibanarius Dana, 1852

*Clibanarius aequabilis* Dana 1852. Pakistan; Sri Lanka; Mergui; Malay Peninsula; Tahiti; western Africa. Muddy and sandy shores (Ahmed and Khan, 1971). This record appears to be in error.

*Clibanarius arethusa* De Man, 1888. Pakistan; Bay of Bengal. Rocky shore (Ahmed and Khan, 1971).

*Clibanarius clibanarius* (Herbst, 1791). Pakistan; Andamans to Tahiti. Muddy and sandy beaches (Tirmizi and Siddiqui, 1981).

*Clibanarius infraspinatus* Hilgendorf, 1869. Indo-Pacific; northern Arabian Sea; Pakistan; Bay of Bengal; Malay Archipelago; eastern Australia; Red Sea. Muddy and sandy beaches (Ahmed and Khan, 1971).

*Clibanarius padavensis* De Man, 1888. Indo-Pacific; Pakistan to Singapore; East Indies; Australia; New Caledonia. Muddy and sandy shores (Ahmed and Khan, 1971).

*Clibanarius signatus* Heller, 1861. Northern Arabian Sea; Pakistan; Oman; Red Sea. Common on rocky and sandy shores, rare on muddy shore (Tirmizi and Siddiqui, 1981).

*Clibanarius striolatus* Dana, 1852. Karachi, Pakistan; Gulf of Aden; Seychelles and eastward to Tahiti; Australia. Rocky and muddy shores (Alcock, 1905).

*Clibanarius virescens* (Krauss, 1843). Pakistan; Australia; Japan; Philippine and Fiji Islands; Hong Kong; eastern Africa; Red Sea; Gulf of Aden; Oman; Persian Gulf. Rocky shore (Tirmizi and Siddiqui, 1981).

#### Dardanus Paulson, 1857

*Dardanus setifer* (H. Milne Edwards, 1836). Pakistan and eastward to Hong Kong; Australia; southern and eastern Africa. Offshore (Tirmizi and Siddiqui, 1981).

*Dardanus vulnerans* (Thalwitz, 1892). Pakistan; New Guinea; Bay of Bengal; Persian Gulf. Offshore (Tirmizi and Siddiqui, 1981).

#### Diogenes Dana, 1852

\*Diogenes alias McLaughlin and Holthuis, 2001. Pakistan; eastern Indian Peninsula; Borneo; South China Sea. Offshore on muddy bottom. Tirmizi and Siddiqui's (1981) report of *D. diogenes* (Herbst, 1791) from Pakistan is actually *D. alias* (McLaughlin and Holthuis, 2001).

*Diogenes avarus* Heller, 1865. Northern Arabian Sea; Pakistan; Vietnam; Philippine Islands; Indonesia; Thailand; northern and western Australia; eastern Africa; Red Sea. Rocky shore (Tirmizi and Siddiqui 1981). *Diogenes bicristimanus* Alcock, 1905. Pakistan; India; South Africa; South Arabia. Rocky shore (Tirmizi and Siddiqui 1982).

*Diogenes costatus* Henderson, 1888. Northern Arabian Sea; Pakistan; south-eastern India; Red Sea (Ahmed and Khan, 1971).

Diogenes custos (Fabricius, 1798). Indo-Pasific; Pakistan; Madras; eastern Australia. Rocky shore. Tirmizi and Siddiqui's (1981) report of *Diogenes? affinis*, and Henderson's (1893) *D. planimanus* and *D. violaceus* are actually *D. custos* (McLaughlin and Holthuis, 2001).

\*Diogenes dubius (Herbst, 1804). Pakistan; Indian Seas; Bay of Bengal; south-eastern Australia. Muddy shore. Reported from Pakistan (Tirmizi and Siddiqui, 1981) as *D. custos* (Fabricius, 1798) (McLaughlin and Holthuis, 2001).

*Diogenes* sp. Northern Arabian Sea; Pakistan. Rocky shores. Reported from Pakistan (Tirmizi and Siddiqui, 1981) as *D. guttatus* Henderson, 1888, but could possibly be *D. granulimanus* Miers, 1880, or an undescribed species (P. McLaughlin, in litt.).

\**Diogenes ?fasciatus* Rahayu and Forest, 1995. Pakistan; and Indonesia. In creek area. Identification tentative (P. McLaughlin, in litt.).

\**Diogenes ?karwarensis* Nayak and Neelkantan, 1989. Pakistan; and India. In creek area. Identification tentative (P. McLaughlin, in litt.).

\**Diogenes ?klaasi* Rahayu and Forest 1995. Pakistan; Indonesia. In creek area. Identification tentative (P. McLaughlin, in litt.).

\*Diogenes ?manaarensis (Henderson, 1893). Pakistan; Mergui; Philippine; Australia; eastern Africa; Red Sea. Rocky and sandy shore. Reported from Pakistan (Tirmizi and Siddiqui, 1981) as *D. jousseaumei* (Bouvier, 1897), may be *D. ?manaarensis* (Henderson 1893) (P. McLaughlin, in litt.).

#### Paguristes Dana, 1851

*Paguristes perspicax* Nobili, 1906. Pakistan; Red Sea; Persian Gulf. Rocky shores (Tirmizi and Siddiqui, 1981).

#### Paguridae Latreille, 1802

Pagurus Fabricius, 1775

*Pagurus kulkarnii* Sankolli, 1962. Pakistan; India; Thailand. Rocky shores (Tirmizi and Siddiqui, 1981).

*Pagurus* sp. Pakistan. Offshore (Tirmizi and Siddiqui, 1981).

#### Acknowledgements

The first author is grateful to Patsy A. McLaughlin, Shannon Point Marine Centre, Western Washington University, Washington, U.SA, for taking interest in the pagurids of Pakistan, and help in determination the status of several species. The initial work on this checklist was done by the second author as a part of a project funded by the Faculty Grants, University of Karachi. She is grateful to Rafael Lemaitre, National Museum of Natural History Smithsonian Institution, Washington, DC, USA, and Chris Tudge, American University, Washington, DC, USA, for the invitation to contribute to this volume.

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